

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21, WATER STREET, BY CHARLES GORDON GREENE.

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MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 13, 1834.

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TERMS OF THE POST.

THE BOSTON POST is published every morning, at No. 21, Water Street, Boston, by CHARLES G. GREENE, at four dollars per annum, payable in advance; four dollars and fifty cents, if paid within six months, or five dollars at the end of the year. These conditions will be rigidly adhered to.

From the tale of Alraschid.

DESTRUCTION OF SELIM'S CASTLE.

Whilst our hero, lost in the contemplation of misfortunes, sat on that very zenana balcony, beneath which he had won the heart of Noorun, the soldiers were dispersed all over the castle in pursuit of plunder.

In the east, rapine and conquest are inevitable concomitants, in which all think themselves entitled to join, and it was not therefore strange that the young general, left even by Uluddeen, should not have had an individual near him, when he alone was unemployed in the indiscriminate pillage—the din, the shouts, the oaths, the wrangling of the soldiers, occasioned by the seizure and partition of their booty, all fell unheeded on the deaf ear of their chieftain, as lapsed in dark reminiscences of what had befallen him, in these scenes of his love, he sat solitary, motionless, and miserable.

Entered as he had been, by extreme good fortune, into a path of high honor and favor, and which he once deemed likely to end in the obtaining her for whom alone preferment was of worth—she who had sat on that self-same spot which he then occupied, and whispered her true unchanging affection—he now gazed vacantly on those hallowed scenes—an unfeeling spectator, blasted on each presentiment and hope.

In this mood, his eyes unwittingly wandered to the ruined bowly,* that mysterious source of all his sorrows, when he was instantly aroused from his lethargy, by seeing a hideous figure enter its dilapidated mouth. He started up, but it was gone,—it had descended. Was it reality—or could it be a hallucination, an almost embodied dreaminess of unpleasing things, which oft course through the agitated and fevered mind?—from the state he was in, dubiety would have followed any extraordinary report of his senses. It might be expected therefore that he would stand for awhile, uncertain how to proceed; or whether he should follow what he thought was the magician, but which might only have been a phantom of imagination.

As he thus stood, with an attitude and expression, similar to what a country booby contemplates some urban show, surpassing infinitely his comprehension, the whole earth appeared to lose its stability, and reel beneath him like a drunkard;—an indescribable dizziness filled his ears—he was thrown forcibly on his face—a blaze of a thousand lightnings whirled vividly around him, followed instantly by a deep solemn boom from the echoing heavens, and all was dust, darkness, and ashes,—an appalling miniature of chaos!

It was long ere he could speculate on what had happened, or even feel certain he was but slightly injured, for he was deluged in blood; but this proceeded from a headless corpse, which lay singed and shapeless beside him. When the air became clearer, the castle presented on every side masses of rent and blackened ruins, interspersed with bodies, occasioned by the explosion of a mine or magazine. And now the din, the shouts, the oaths and wrangling, were changed to groans and cries of suffering, whilst in many cases the prey and the depredator were equally insensate. In a corner, amidst an assemblage of things, lay a bedimmed and sulphury bale of silks, to a cord of which hung a scorched human arm, the dishevelled sinews still and forever grasping it in avaricious fold; whilst above, on a richly carved cornice, was stuck a grim face, by the adhesion of its brains and crisped locks, a most revolting basso relievo—distorted limbs, flesh and blood, and turbans, scymitars, clothes, were everywhere scattered by the destructive element;—and, on mustering, Alraschid, to his inexpressible grief, ascertained that nearly three hundred of his men had perished by this calamity.

*A sort of well, or tank, twenty or thirty feet square.

Swedenborg, the Original Phenologist.—A Biography of Swedenborg was published at Copenhagen in 1806, along with some extracts from his writings. It is shown by this work that the distinguished Swede, about fifty years previous to Dr Gall's theory, entertained a very similar opinion. The following are the words of Swedenborg:—

"Every man that is born has a disposition to all kinds of evil, which must be checked by education, and as far as possible rooted out. This is first to be attempted by correction and punishment, then by good society and example, which leads to imitation, and at last good is secured upon a true and religious root.—When these conditions are all observed, it is indicated by a beautiful skull of the individual. On the contrary, should the education be neglected, or no sudden misfortune nor opposition hinder the first out-breaking of evil or disorder, the evil afterwards becomes habit, and produces peculiar wishes both in design and practice, which cause the formation of a badly shaped skull. The cause of the difference of skulls in such cases is this: the peculiar distinctives of man, Will and Understanding, have their seats in the brain, which is excited by the fleeting desires of the will, and the ideas of the intellect. Near the various spots where these irritations produce their effects, this or that part of the brain is called into a greater or less degree of activity, and forms along with itself corresponding parts of the skull."

THOMAS R. CLARK, Optician, No 69 Court Street, under the New England Museum, would most respectfully inform the public that he has on hand a good assortment of gold, silver, shell and steel mounted Spectacles; gold silver and pearl Reading Eye Glasses, the latest English patterns; Goggles, Spirit Levels, Thermometers, Cloth and Linen Provers, variety of patterns.

Also, on hand a large assortment of Glasses, variety of colors, convex and concave.

N. B. Spectacles manufactured at the above establishment, of the latest patterns, workmanship equal to any in this country. Spectacles and Thermometers, repaired at short notice, lower than can be done elsewhere.

VISITING CARDS ENGRAVED AND PRINTED.—By sending the plate you can have them printed on the best Enamelled Cards; and a book of 1000 different patterns may be seen. L. W. GOOD-RICH, 58 Washington street.

NOTICE.—JOHN D. BATES has associated with himself A. W. THAYER, Jr., and they will hereafter transact business under the firm of BATES & CO. who offer for sale, at 47, Central wharf,

OF RUSSIA GOODS,
Hemp, Clean and Outshot,
Sail Cloth, of various fabrics,
Russet Duck, Light and Heavy,
Cordage, Sheetings, Leather,
Crash, 1st, 2d, and 3d quality,
Narrow Linen—Quills—Glue—Calf Skin.

OF DUTCH GOODS,
Gin. B. D. Anchor, De Kuyper's, Dragon and Anchor,
Madder, Umbro—Adan Cheese,
Mustard Seed, Brown and Yellow,
Pearl Barley—Eau De Cologne,
Hock and Moselle Wines,
Malay Knives—Window Glass,

—Also—
Havana Cigars—Bengal Indigo.

Jan 2

BOSTON TRUSS MANUFACTORY.

J. P. FOSTER, Agent.—The subscriber having to the business of making, fitting, and repairing Trusses. After fifteen years experience, the subscriber is able to state to the public, that almost every person who has followed his directions have experienced great relief from pain and danger. Among the variety of Trusses made by J. P. Foster, are Patent Elastic Spring Trusses, Spring Trusses, Trusses without steel springs. These give relief in all cases of rupture, and in a large portion produce a perfect cure. They can be worn day and night. Improved Hinge and Pivot Trusses—Unimpaired Spring Trusses, and Trusses with ball and pocket joints.

The subscriber having removed his place of business, invites any one having demands against him, or indebted to him, to call for settlement, either by note or otherwise.

N. B. The poor and laboring class will be furnished at the lowest prices. The subscriber has certificates from some of the most respectable Physicians, as well as those who have made use of his Trusses. All who will call upon the subscriber for the above articles will give relief in a separate and suitable apartment. Washington St. 385, up stairs, directly opposite the Boylston Market.

Jan 2

CARPET WAREHOUSE.—J. TABER

generally, that he has taken the store No 57 Washington street, a few doors north of the Post Office, over Messrs C. C. & W. H. Conant's, where he offers for sale a superior assortment of English, Brussels, and Superfine Kidderminster CARPETING, of new patterns and colors. Also, Figured and Striped Venetian Star Carpeting—American, Superior, Fine and Common Carpetings—Imperial and other Figured and Plain Bookings—Woolen and Linen Damask Table Cloths—Piano Forte and Strand Covers—Carpet Binding—Stair Rods—Looking Glasses, &c.

Also, PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS, of a superior quality, of all widths without seams, which will be sold at wholesale or retail, at the very lowest market prices.

Jan 2

CAPS, CAPES, MUFFS, BOAS.—Gentlemen's,

Youth's and Children's Outer Fur and Hair Seal, Cloth and Leather CAPS—Ladies', Lynx, Seal, Periwinkle, dark and light Squirrel and Genet CAPES—Squirrel and Genet MUFFS—Lynx, Squirrel, Genet, and Seal BOAS.

Also, a general assortment of Gentlemen's HATS, of the newest fashion; some Broad Brims, for elderly Gentlemen—Fur and Leather GLOVES, with and without Linings—American, French and English UMBRELLAS, Silk and Cotton.

The above are for sale at BARRY'S Commission Store, No. 94, Washington street, on the lowest terms, for cash.

Jan 2

AMERICAN CARVED SHELL COMBS.—THAYER & DAVENPORT,

No. 22, Hanover street, have received a large assortment of all sizes and patterns of Carved Shell Combs, from the celebrated manufactory of A. Willard.

*Carved Combs from Willard's Factory are generally considered superior to any other, and they are "retailed" at 10 to 15 per cent cheaper than at any other establishment in the city.

Ladies and others in want of Carved Combs, will do well to call before they purchase.

Constantly on hand a large assortment of Paris Hair Works, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c. etc.

Carved or Plain Combs repaired at short notice, in the nearest manner.

Jan 2

COPARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.—The

Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of D. & G. O. HAGER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and all those to whom said firm are indebted, are requested to present their claims for payment.

Darius O. HAGER, GEORGE O. HAGER.

COAL.—Schuykill Coal, from the Phoenix

screened and delivered in any part of the city, at the lowest market price. Cargoes deliverable in Philadelphia, Boston, or any of the neighboring ports, at low rates.

Also, Lehigh and Lackawanna Coal, for sale by NATHANIEL GRIGGS, 22 Commercial street, or by GRIGGS & LISCOM, at their wharf, on Long street.

Nov 20

NORTH MARKET STREET STOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND CLOTHING STORE.—EPHRAIM ABBOTT, having purchased the Stock of Alfred A. Lane, No. 45, North Market street, (first door from Merchants' Row) gives notice that he will keep at the above named place, a good assortment of Stocks, of good qualities and fair prices.

He will also keep a general assortment of ready made Clothing and Linen. Also, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. Garments of all kinds, made to order and warranted to fit.

Old Stocks covered at short notice.

Jan 1

NOTICE.—SELLING OFF AT VERY

REDUCED PRICES.—By order of Assignee.—The entire Stock in trade of a Merchant Tailor, at No. 34, Merchants' Row, comprising a large and valuable assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Also—A first rate lot of Ready made Clothing, of all kinds. The whole of which will be sold without any reserve.

Jan 2

ORIENTAL ROBES.—The owner of the

above article, wishing to close the consignment, will sell the balance remaining in our hands at reduced prices. The above article is intended for ladies' and gentlemen's dressing gowns, and for invalids.

E. K. WHITAKER, 93 Washington St.

HAIR WORK.—A large lot of French

Hair Work, received this morning, at THAYER & DAVENPORT'S, No. 22 Hanover street, consisting of Real and Mohair Puffs, on Combs.

Do do do Netting.
Do do do Wires, &c. &c.

For sale 30 per cent less than the usual prices.

Jan 2

ENGLISH BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS.—COTTONS & BARNARD,

Washington street, have for sale a great variety of English Bibles and Testaments, elegantly bound.

Jan 2

LEMON SYRUP, of very superior quality

manufactured, and for sale on such terms as to make it an object for purchasers to call before buying.

Jan 15

GENTLEMEN'S FALLOUT WIN-

made to measure, at OSBORN'S, 31 Back Square, where is for sale a complete assortment of Cloth, Cassimeres, Vestings, Camlets, Petershams, Kerseys, &c.

Jan 14

TO FIREMEN.—Just received, and for sale

by the subscriber, 37, Washington street, opposite head of Summer street, a prime lot of Firemen's Boots. These Boots are lined with India Rubber, and warranted water proof.

Jan 23

YOUNG LADY'S BOOK.—Taken for 1834—

the subscriber's Own Book, and several other Annals for 1834—Also, a dozen different kinds of Almanacs, for 1834—some of which are splendidly embellished—For sale by BAKER & ALEXANDER,

Jan 14

WANTED.—A boy in a Shoe store. Apply

at No 6 Summer street.

Jan 8

RESTORATIVE.—For sale, the stock and

stand of a Restorator. Apply at 193 Tremont street.

Jan 7

GERMAN PLAYING CARDS, a beautiful

article, just received by ALLEN & TICKNOR.

Jan 8

MEREDITH & CO., Grocers, 389 Wash-

ington street, and 65 Cambridge street, beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have lately opened the store No 65 Cambridge street, corner of North Russell street. R. M. & CO., have on hand at both their establishments, a choice selection of Wines, of the best qualities, and a general assortment of West India Goods and Groceries, which they will sell as low as any establishment in the city. Goods forwarded to any part of the city free of expense.

N. B. Farmers and Country Traders will do well to call at either of the above establishments.

dec 14—2m3m

MARLBORO' HOTEL, BOSTON, Mass.

The Subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and the public, that he has let his House, the New Hampshire Hotel, in Dover, N. H. to Mr Levi Shaw, and has taken the Marlborough Hotel, in Boston, formerly kept by Mr James Barker. The house will be thoroughly cleaned, newly furnished in all the apartments which are necessary, and will be put in good order for the reception of company. Gentlemen with their wives and families can be accommodated.

Jan 3

CLARKE, Plumber and Engineer, No.

1 Court square, Boston. Water, Pumps, Baths, hydraulic and suction Pumps, beer and cold pumps, and Lead Work of every description executed in the best manner, and on reasonable terms, at short notice.

Orders from the country strictly attended to.

BRONZE LAMPS.—S. A. & W. G. PIERCE

have just received another invoice of Bronze Lamps, comprising a splendid assortment, both rich and common, which they offer at very low prices. Purchasers are invited to call and examine them in the New Stone Store, No 370, Washington, corner of Essex-st.

Jan 2

FASHIONABLE CASSIMERES.—JOSEPH

LIBBEY would give notice to his customers and the public, that he has just received a few pieces of superior Ribbed Cassimeres, which will be sold by the yard, or made up for customers to order, at a very reasonable price.

Jan 14

NEW ANNUAL.—Just received by ALLEN

& TICKNOR, corner of Washington and School streets. The Picturesque Album, or Europe Illustrated, in a series of Views from original drawings, with descriptions.

Jan 3

READY-MADE PETERSHAM SUR-

TROUTS.—A large assortment of first rate Petersham Surtrouts, with and without fur collars, for sale at the lowest cash prices, by J. LIBBEY, No 33, Congress-street.

Jan 1

FAMILY BIBLES.—The Boston Publishers,

in Sheets or in good Binding, by COTTONS & BARNARD, 184, Washington street.

Jan 8

SPARKS' THEOLOGICAL TRACTS.

A few copies of this Work, complete in 13 numbers. Select Theological Works of Robert Robinson and Thomas Cogan, in 1 volume. For sale by COTTONS & BARNARD, 184 Washington st., corner of Franklin-st.

Jan 8

CORKS, OLIVE OIL AND REAL CIN-

AMON.—30 bales Marcelline Velvet Bottle Corks—200 baskets Marcelline Olive Oil—2 bales real Cinnamon, for sale by HENSHAW & CO. 28, Granite Stores, Commercial wharf.

Jan 3

CAMPEACHY LOGWOOD.—120 tons

landing from brig Temperance—300 tons landing from brig Caroline Augusta, from Laguna, for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, Liverpool wharf.

Jan 2

CONCENTRATED ESSENCE OF ROSE,

for all purposes of perfumery, where Rose Water is required. One phial of this essence is equal in strength to eight bottles of double distilled rose water, and is unalterable in any climate. For sale by E. WIGHT, 6, Milk street.

Jan 3

RUN, FROLIC AND FIDDLE D. D.—

Johnston's Scrap for 1834. Also, Hood's Comic Sheets, London.—For sale by JOHN MARSH, No 84 Washington street.

Jan 3

JAMES ANDREWS & SON, No. 8, Centra

wharf—have for sale, Hides, Wool, Opium, Coffee, Yellow berries, Starch, of different qualities—sponges, Filberts, Wax Cams, Champagne and Claret Wine, of superior quality—Duck, &c.

Jan 12

MUST BE SOLD.—By order of the Assignee,

The remaining Stock in Store, No. 83, Washington street, consisting of a large assortment of FANCY GOODS, Brushes, Perfumery, Musical Instruments, &c. &c. Purchasers will find an advantage of thirty per cent selling immediately at said Store.—The Stock is now selling at cost.

Jan 27

AT RETAIL.—Long black, white, and colored

Kid Gloves and Mitts, at 37 1/2 Cts. Oil Cloth Table Mats in sets of 6, \$1.25. Best real Kid Gloves, at 50 cts. Common do do 25 cts. 4-4 Gage Shirts, 30 cts. Pink Batiste, 17 cts. S. S. LYNDE, Penaberton Hill.

Nov 15

PEARL WORKER.—Wanted, a first rat

Pearl Worker—constant employment and good wages. Apply at 15 Exchange street.

Jan 26

HIDES, &c.—9800 California Hides—1634 Dry

do—78 bags Tallow—5 bbls do—16,000 the Old Coffee—3 cns Beaver—2 cns Indigo—12,000 Oz Horns—75 Horse Hides—568 Goat Skins—6 bushels Mustard Seed. Landing from brig Chalcidion, from California, for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, Liverpool wharf.

Jan 28

HORN CARVED COMBS.—Horn carved

Combs, of prime finish, for sale at the reduced price of 75 cents to one dollar each, at WILLARD'S Comb Store, 107 Washington street, two doors south of Williams' Court.

Jan 19

10 Cases superior India Rhubarb, 15 baskets An-

ti-doo, 25 cases Salad Oil first quality, 150 oz Sulphate Quinine. For sale by FLETCHER & HAYWARD, No 2 India st.

Jan 30

CASTLE SOAP, CANDLES, &c.—2000

Candles and cases Castle—300 do do Soda—150 do do Olive—1000 do No 1 and Shipping—500 do New Mould Candles—10 lbs Neats Foot Oil. For sale by E. A. & W. WINCHESTER, No 15 South Market street.

Jan 20

HOUSES TO RENT.—A House in Cambridge

street, suitable for a genteel private family, for \$375. Also, a House in Prince street, for \$350. Apply at SPEAR'S Office, 15, Exchange street.

Jan 23

EMPTY GIN CASES AND BEESWAX.—

500 empty Gin Cases, just received from Amsterdam, per brig Carrier—4 barrels 500 lb superior quality Beeswax, just received from New Orleans—for sale by HOWARD & MERRY, 39 Central wharf.

Jan 31

LADIES' EAR ORNAMENTS, of the

most fashionable patterns just received at AMOS CUTLERS, No 217, Washington street, opposite Franklin street.

Jan 5

A MANUAL of the Ornithology of the United

States and of Canada—by Thomas Nuttall. A. M., F.L.S.—The Water Birds—Just received and for sale by B. B. MUSSEY, No 29 Cornhill.

Jan 6

NEW BOOK.—This day received and for sale

by ALLEN & TICKNOR, The Spirit of Life, a Poem, pronounced before the Franklin Society of Brown University, Sept. 3, 1833—by Willis Gaylord Clark. Just received and for sale by B. B. MUSSEY, 29 Cornhill.

Jan 6

THE SPIRIT OF LIFE.—A Poem, pronounced

before the Franklin Society of Brown University, Sept. 3, 1833—by Willis Gaylord Clark. Just received and for sale by B. B. MUSSEY, 29 Cornhill.

Jan 6

FALL AND WINTER GARMENTS.—

W. H. MILTON, No 4 and 6, Fanenl Hall, has on hand, an extensive assortment of Garments of recent manufacture, which are well made and will be sold as low as can be purchased in the city.

Jan 1

GENTLEMEN in want of good comfortable

articles of wearing apparel adapted to the present season will do well if they recollect the number, No. 10 Congress street, 5 doors from State street.

Jan 6

WANTED.—A young man in a clothing store.

Apply at 198, Tremont street.

Jan 3

WINTER MAIL ARRANGEMENT.

POST OFFICE BOSTON, December 27, 1833.

THE following Mails will be closed at this office at the times specified, until further notice:— Albany, via Worcester and Brookfield, every day except Saturday, at 7 A. M.

Northampton and Springfield by the same Mail, Ashford, Ct., via Mendon, Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at 6 P. M.

Andover and Haverhill, daily, at 6 A. M.

Bristol, R. I., via Taunton, every day except Saturdays, at 6 P. M.

Barnstable, via Kingston and Plymouth, every day except Saturday, at 8 P. M.

Bridgewater, daily, at half past 11 A. M.

Duxbury, do, at 9 A. M.

Dunstable, via Grafton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 A. M.</

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1834.

STENOGRAPHIC GLIMPSES OF CONGRESS.
NO. XXXII.

Washington, Jan. 6, 1834.—Col. Benton has at length concluded his masterly speech against the Bank, to the admiration of his friends, and the confusion of his foes. He has demonstrated not only the corruption of the institution, but the power with which it threatens, not simply the great interests, but the liberties of the country. No man can refute his arguments, for they are deductions from facts that cannot be gainsaid nor controverted.

It is not possible to do him justice, by trying to give a sketch of his argument—his speech, though a four days' speech, must be read, and read attentively. It will be found to touch upon every fact and principle bearing any relation to this institution, or any similar one. I must, however, as I have begun, continue to note a few points, the great land marks of his speech, that some idea may be formed of the high ground he has taken, and the manner in which he has fortified and defended it.

He dwelt upon the celebrated drafts, pronounced illegal by the Supreme Court, and decided, that it was no offence to counterfeit them, they being neither note nor bill within the meaning of the charter. He said they had applied to Congress eight times for authority to issue these drafts, and were always refused. But the Bank had applied from time to time to their Lawyers, and got whatever law they wanted.

The Bank had abstracted 21 millions of specie from the country, and sold 12 millions abroad, and probably much more at home to the merchants to ship abroad.

The Bank had violated its charter in 1819, and a process ought to have issued against it, requiring it to give up its charter. What use, he asked, would the Bank be in time of war? when during a time of peace, with the average annual deposits of 6 and a half millions for 17 years, it was unable to sustain itself without a continuance of the deposits.

The charter allowed the Bank to deal in Bullion and Bills of Exchange—but it had bought and sold the gold and silver currency of foreign countries, and of this country, which were not considered bullion. They had no right to deal in coins—it was a violation of their charter. He gave a statement of the large amounts sent to England, to the amount of many millions, by which they had made a profit of nearly \$100,000. He alluded to a former Secretary of the Navy (Southard) as knowing these facts.

He alluded to the city of Philadelphia, the city of Penn., as containing an institution (the Bank) within whose marble palace they trafficked in slaves; and shew by documents, that the Bank owned plantations and slaves:—Yes said he, the Bank of the United States is a slave dealer! And when the President was asked in a former examination, whether the bank was interested in slaves, other than those on the plantation in New Orleans, the President said he was not aware that it was interested in slaves, except as connected with mortgages in the southern states—the only states holding slaves, and the exception embraces the whole subject. Real Estate only can be held by the Bank, and this must be set off on Execution, and they ought to sell it—for it is not intended that its funds should be vested in Real Estate—for how can they loan Real Estate? But they have taken all sorts of property; sugar and cotton plantations; lands stocked with slaves; they have erected forty-five dwellings in Cincinnati; twelve warehouses; made two canal basins; have got glass works; mills; steam mills; and last, a large Printing Establishment; and have loaned money for Internal Improvements, where the President vetoed the Bills for those objects! They lack nothing but soldiers.

I will content myself with this sketch to day; for I perceive my glimpses are somewhat a head of their publication; and if I make them too long, it will be a long time before they come before the public.

Mr Southard has the floor to-morrow; Mr Binney has occupied it to-day in the House.

REIS EFFENDI.

"The Great Meeting" at Faneuil Hall, on Saturday evening, relative to the removal of the Deposites, was a great failure. Mr George Bond was the first in the arena. He made some remarks about the scarcity of money—informed the meeting that there was considerable excitement throughout the country, &c. &c. and then offered a series of Resolutions recommending the restoration of the Deposites, and wound up by declaring that the Resolutions had no political bearing. Mr Bond was followed by Henry Williams, Esq., who was not altogether satisfied with the Resolutions—he called them mere namby pamby, newspaper affairs, and unworthy the spirit of Bostonians—he wanted something bold and decided—apologised for his appearance there—thought the removal of the Deposites "an usurpation of power, instigated by, and exercised to gratify, a few third rate politicians." After Mr W. took his seat, Mr P. P. F. Degrand enlightened the audience with some stale abuse of the Fourth Auditor—said "the community was jammed for money" and "dat no bank in de world was equal to de United States Bank." "That customer," said an engine-man, while Mr D. was speaking, "is like No. 11, up and down." After Mr Degrand had finished his observations, the vote was put upon the adoption of the Resolutions, and was declared to be decided in the affirmative—there were not more than fifty hands up.—The originators of this meeting were evidently ashamed of it, and refrained from taking part in any of its proceedings, and thus suffered it to terminate in a miserable abortion.

The New Bedford Gazette asks if every merchant in the country "must become bankrupt because Mr Clay cannot be President of the United States?" Does the Gazette think the man who prayed for "war, pestilence and famine," rather than defeat, would stop his mad course for the (to him) trifling inconvenience of bankruptcy?

Osgood the lawyer in New York, who forged the pension certificates, and for which he was sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment at Sing Sing, is brother-in-law of the late De Witt Clinton, and citizen Genet, the first minister from France to America, under the Directory. He is now employed in tailoring.—Being rather refractory he has been flogged twice.

Nicholas Biddle, Esq. has been re-elected President of the Bank of the United States.

New Bank Project.—The House of Representatives, on Saturday, on motion of Mr White, of Boston, passed the following order:—

Ordered, That the committee on Banks and Banking, consider and report on the expediency of requesting the Senators and Representatives of this Commonwealth in Congress, to use their efforts to procure the passage of a law to charter a new Bank of the United States, with the following provisions, to wit:

1. The Capital Stock to be fifty millions of dollars.

2. The Stockholders of the present United States Bank to be permitted to subscribe an amount equal to the Stock they now hold.

3. The United States to be Stockholders to the same extent they now are, and to appoint the same number of Directors.

4. The subscription to the remaining fifteen millions to be distributed to the several States in proportion to federal numbers, or in some other just and equal ratio. The instalments payable either in cash or in the funded stock of the State, bearing interest at five per cent.

5. No Branch of the Bank to be established in any State, unless by permission of its Legislature.

6. The Branches of the Bank established in the several States to be liable to taxation by those States respectively, in the same manner and to the same extent, only with their own Banks.

7. Such States as may become subscribers to the Stock, to have the right of appointing a certain number not exceeding one third of the Directors in the Branch of their own State.

8. Stock not subscribed for under the foregoing provisions, to be open to subscription by individual citizens.

The above project appears like an attempt, under a very flimsy disguise, to commit the Legislature of this State in favor of a renewal of the charter of the present Bank. For after all, it is a renewal of their privileges to the present Stockholders, with slight modifications, and a permission to the States to become partners for fifteen millions. This would leave the present Stockholders the majority of the Bank, owning 28 millions against 22 millions, and would, in fact, give it more real power than it has now.

It is, as we have said, a project to renew this overgrown monopoly, and to commit this State in favor of the enormous project. If the charter be renewed under any form, the whole character of our government will be changed—the people will be slaves to a monied, an entailed monied oligarchy. The checks, which are proposed to be put on the power of the Bank to establish Branches in the States, only on the consent of the States, could be, and probably would be, removed, by the consent of the Bank and a Bank Congress, after the charter was renewed—and the people of this State will do well to remember, that the two last Congresses have successively asserted in the most solemn and official manner, the exclusive right in the general government, to the exclusive control of banking—and that it is the design of the Bank, and the friends of the Bank, if they can force, or finesse a renewal of its charter, to bring this solemnly proclaimed principle into activity, and to suppress every State Bank. This is the stupendous project in view—whether or not it shall ever be consummated depends on the good sense and vigilance of the people.

At any rate, it would seem hardly worth while for Massachusetts, or her honest yeomanry, and men of moderate property, to sanction such a project now, while charges remain unanswered, nay, established, against the Bank, of the grossest bribery and corruption—by spending its funds by thousands and tens of thousands, to subsidize presses, and to pay committee men in elections, as well as for circulating political tracts. Some of these transactions are of such a nature, that their very name is concealed, and the money paid on the voucher only of the head of the Bank, without describing for what purpose.

Again, more than eight millions of the capital thus to be renewed, belongs to foreigners—English Noblemen—who are to have a preference over our own citizens, who offered terms doubly advantageous to the public for a like charter.

To intimate that this movement, like the miserable abortion about the deposits, consummated on Saturday evening at Faneuil Hall, proceeds from the Bank itself, would be only saying what must appear evident to every observer. One word more—whatever may be the vote of the Legislature of this State on the subject, it will have no practical result in renewing the charter—the people of the Union have spoken on this subject—they have said the Bank shall cease, and whatever politician attempts to sustain it, will be crushed beneath its falling pillars.

We perceive (says the U. S. Gazette) that the Governor of Maryland, in his executive message, speaks of himself in the first person plural, using the pronoun *we*, as if he was a king or an editor. The editor of the Gazette thinks that his brethren of the Press should look to their immunities.

Another Paragraph.—Turkeys, 14 cents a pound—Beef, 10 cents per pound—Pork, 8 cents a pound—Eggs, 25 cents a doz.—Butter, 20 cents a pound.—New Gov. message not delivered—money easier.

Miss Kemble's Jane Shore was quite the thing, the Philadelphia papers say. The last act particularly, was given with tremendous effect.

The firemen have hard work in Philadelphia. On Tuesday they were busily employed from 8 o'clock in the morning until after dark in the evening.

Attempted Suicide.—Mr Ebenezer Corson, committed to the Jail in Bangor, Me. a few days since for an assault upon his wife, attempted to commit suicide on Monday night, by cutting his throat with a pocket knife. His wounds were immediately dressed by a surgeon, but his recovery is reported to be doubtful.

POLICE COURT.

Mary Ann Wales was brought up on complaint of the watch, for night-walking, &c.

Two watchmen testified that Mary was in the habit of displaying her blandishments—which, by the way, like the glow-worms, were only visible by night—to ensnare the affections of the warm hearted mariners, who cruise about the wharves, "when night spreads her mantle," to enjoy a little cool reflection after the toils and yee-hoos of the day are over. Mary met the statement of her accusers with a most logical denial, and said to the second—"Your story and the other's don't agree; for you tell a downright lie, and he tells a flat one." The witness was just retiring from his stand, when his veracity was thus peremptorily challenged; but he suddenly halted, and, for a moment he appeared to labor with some weighty truth too big for utterance: with one hand smoothing his hair, while the other was playing with the rail, he fidgeted from side to side, like Bailey Macwhieble, at the final settling of the Bradwardine estate; first facing the Jezebel that had out-faced him, and then looking knowingly at the judge; anon winking at his comrade, and then muttering to himself. By a solemn effort he composed his features into a most vinegar aspect, but they instantly broke out into rebellious smiles, which he in vain attempted to hide by his weather beaten paw, till no longer able to restrain the awful fact, he informed the court, with a grin and a blush, that she had way-laid him in his rounds, and invited him to walk with her: and that

"Thrice she thought the point was carried,
But thrice his ebbing virtue rallied."

For this attempt upon the fidelity of Charley, she received, of course, a most exemplary sentence of 4 months in the house of correction, which she heard with the humble remark—"I haven't any thing to say—only I shall be very thankful, if ye'll let me go to the poor-house."

George Wesson, a pretty little boy, about 10 years old, was brought to the bar upon complaint of his mother, for being a "stubborn and disobedient child." The only proof against the little trembler was, that about once a month, he would help himself to a holiday, and play truant, and would go errands, when sent—"if he had a mind to." His mother entered the complaint with a view to have him sent to the house for Juvenile Offenders; and when the Court suggested to her the impropriety of such an attempt to deprive her son of his liberty till he was 21 years of age, for such a trifle, she replied that she should not have done anything about it, if she had not been advised to by Deacon Grant.

We do not take any pleasure in reproving public functionaries, but this is the third instance, before the same judge, that we have witnessed the agency of the Deacon, in attempting to procure the conviction of children who are obviously not such as are contemplated by the law under which they are arraigned. Deacon Grant appears to be one of those good-natured unsophisticated souls, who never fash themselves about such nonsense as liberty and "natural, inalienable, imprescriptible, or reserved rights," but think, that if the law takes a boy under its wing, and lines his belly with good cheer, and his back with warm clothing, it makes a man of him at once; and at the same time regard every little act of youthful waywardness, as incontrovertible evidence of innate depravity, which ought to be repressed by the wholesome restraint of imprisonment. Such goodies can pardon nothing to the "spirit of liberty."

Had such a policy prevailed in our young days,—even while we were a monitor of a Sunday school—our eyes! what would have become of us and other lights of the age? We can scarcely turn our eye upon a public officer, who—so far as playing truant, robbing hen-roosts, stealing apples, licking lasses, upsetting oyster benches, breaking windows, snow-balling the girls, and "plaguering mother to death," goes as evidence of character—was not as born a scoundrel as runs unwhipped in our streets. Why, the romping rogues of the rising generation can't hold a candle to 'em!!

"The Hypocrite" went off "transcendently" well at the Tremont Theatre, on Friday evening. Barry's Dr Cantwell and Finn's Macworm, were both admirably performed—the sermon of the latter was in his usual happy style.

A new pictorial drama is announced for this evening, which we are assured, possesses both merit and novelty. It presents, among other "things of note," a dioramic history of "Old Ironsides," in nine views, commencing at the forest, where her timbers grew, and ending with her last return to Boston. The whole has been got up with entire new scenery, machinery, dresses, &c.

U. S. REVENUE CUTTER "HAMILTON," }
Boston Harbor, January 10, 1834. }
To David Henshaw, Esq., Collector of Customs for the District of Charlestown and Boston—

Sir, I have the honor to inform you that I succeeded in re-mooring the Light Boat off Tuckernuck Shoal, on the 8th inst., with the following bearings of important points: Cape Poge W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. 12 miles distant—Long Point (Nantucket) E. S. E. 14 miles distant—East Chop Holmes Hole W. by N. 20 miles distant—Eastern End Tuckernuck Island S. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. 12 miles distant—East Point Horse Shoe E. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. 3 miles distant—Nearest Part of Horse Shoe N. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distant.

I am dear sir,
Very resp'y y'r ob't servant,
W. A. HOWARD,
Com'g. Cutter "Hamilton."

Accident.—Whilst a man named Smith Foy, was engaged yesterday in carting earth from Twenty-first street, near the North River, a bank of earth fell on him, which bruised him severely, and rendered him for a considerable time senseless. He was conveyed to the hospital, where he remains in a very precarious state.—N. Y. Jour. of Com.

The annual increase of slaves in the United States is estimated at sixty thousand per annum.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Jan. 11.—In the Senate, it was ordered, that the committee on Roads and Bridges be directed to inquire into the expediency of amending an Act establishing the Eighth Massachusetts Turnpike Corporation. Mr Baise, from the committee on the Judiciary, reported a resolve concerning Warren Bridge, which, without amendment, was ordered to a second reading on Monday. Mr Hudson, from the committee on Railroads and Canals, reported an order of notice on the petitions of the Boston and Providence Railroad Corporations. The third Annual Report of the Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation, was read and referred. A remonstrance was presented of the Boston Water Power Company against the petition of the Boston and Providence Railroad Corporation.

In the House, the third report of the Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation, was read and laid on the table. On motion of Mr Metcalf, ordered, that the committee on Elections inquire into the expediency of altering the law for choosing Representatives to Congress. On motion of Mr Lucas, Messrs Metcalf, Whipple and Ruggles, were appointed a committee to report a resolve to remunerate sheriffs for services in making returns of elections. Petitions—of William J. Snelling, that distinction by law between crimen falsi and libel as to competency of persons convicted of the latter to be witnesses or jurors—B. T. Reed and others for bridge on Chelsea Creek. Memorials—C. French and 54 others, and J. Walker and 86 others, that masonic oaths, &c. be made penal.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, Jan. 8.—In the Senate, the debate upon the Deposit Question was continued by Mr Southard till the hour of adjournment.

In the House, the debate on the Deposit Question, was continued by Mr Binney until the hour of adjournment.

Outrage and Murder.—We learn from Captain Waterman, of the brig Veto, that while going up the river to Maracaibo, on the 20th Nov. the mate of the Veto, Mr Merriman of Brunswick, and the Columbian Pilot, had some difficulty forward, and came to blows. Capt W. called the mate and the pilot aft to find out the difference—the mate told his story, and in the act of walking forward, the pilot sprang at Mr M. and stabbed him in the side; and before the Capt and crew could interfere, drew out the knife from his side, and cut his throat, so as to cause his death in three minutes. The pilot went on shore at Maracaibo, and the authorities refused to take any notice of the affair, and let him run at large. There is no American Consul at Maracaibo, and the Americans are persecuted, and can get no redress.—N. Y. J. Com.

A friend at Burlington, (N. J.) writes us under date of yesterday:—"The locomotive came down to Burlington to-day, and passed on three miles below us, to receive the New York passengers which left your city this morning. She had five cars in her train; it was her first visit, and truly a splendid one. The whole concern whizzed through our streets like a thing of life."

Black Hawk.—An equestrian figure of this celebrated Indian is exhibiting in Cincinnati, where, the Republican says, it is becoming quite an object of attraction. "The old copper faced rascal is mounted on a keen looking Canadian, is dressed in the full Indian costume, and looked as savage as a meat axe."

An infant child, daughter of Mrs Mary Collier, near Cumberland, Md., was burnt to death a few days since, during the temporary absence of the mother. The distressing event took place in the presence of the father, who appears to have been too much intoxicated to afford any assistance.

They have engaged two Lions for a new play in New York, and these stars are to appear as personages of the drama.

Cleveland, Ohio.—In 1825, the amount of tonnage at this place was 7,310—in 1833 it was 233,500. In 1825 the value of merchandise exported was \$50,000—it is now nearly \$2,000,000. In 1825, the value of imports was \$132,645—it is now nearly \$5,000,000.

The Ladies turning old Bachelors.—The Portland Courier says that the young ladies of that town have formed an Anti-Matrimonial Society.

The steam boat Waterloo, on her passage from Louisville to St. Louis, struck a snag, five miles below Chester, and sunk. The accident occurred on the 17th ult. Most of the cargo lost.—Missouri Rep.

The Schuykill is frozen tight, and the Delaware is quite full of ice. A cold night or two will lock it up firmly.

The mortality at Nantucket, a (town not much exceeding Gloucester in population), the past year, has been truly distressing. Two hundred and thirty-six persons have died, 145 of them children under 10 years of age.

A man named Archibald Black, was found drowned on Tuesday morning, in a small pond on the corner of Eight and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia.

Charles Davis, convicted of the murder of Capt. John Tishew, of sloop Ajax, was executed at 12 o'clock on Friday, on Ellis' Island, N. Y. He confessed his guilt before the trial, and also after his conviction, in a petition which was forwarded from him to the President of the United States, praying for mercy. After this, he forwarded another document to the President, in which he denied having murdered Captain Tishew or destroyed the vessel. On Thursday the President's answer was read to him, refusing a pardon. His dying declarations were that he was innocent.

Forgery.—M. W. McChesney, a leather dealer in Jacob street, New York, has been missing since Monday, and it has come out, that he has forged the name of a respectable neighbor to the amount of fifteen or twenty thousand dollars. He sailed as a passenger on board the ship Arkansas, for New Orleans, and has taken considerable property with him.

MARRIED.

In New Bedford, Mr John Parkhurst to Mrs Mary Ann Shepherd.
In Fairhaven, Mr Wilbour Reed to Miss Henrietta Wodell.

DIED.

In this city, on Friday, Mrs Abigail Fuller, 57.
Mr Josiah G. Cary, 37; Mr James Frazier, 30; Mr Samuel K. Ginn, 45; George, only son of Mr George Ripley, 2 years and 4 months; John, aged 12, at Brookline, on Wednesday last, Mrs Thomazine P. wife of Mr Joseph Andrews, of this city, 28.
At Hingham, Mrs Hannah, widow of the late Mr Moses Whitton, 78.
At Hull, Mr Daniel Loring, 48.
Death in this city for week ending Saturday, at noon, 30.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

Daring Attempt to Rob and Murder on the Salem Turnpike.—As the subscribers were returning to their residence in Chelsea, about 6 o'clock on Thursday evening, a middle sized man, dressed in dark clothes, presented a pistol and said—"Your money or your life," at which he was collared. The man fired the pistol and wounded John Fenno, Jr. in the breast. He had a dark colored or bay horse, which, we believe, had a switch tail. A man and horse of the above description passed over Chelsea bridge and Charlestown old bridge.
PAYSON & FENNO.
Jan 10

"Should auld acquaintance be forgot."
A CELEBRATION in honor of ROBERT BURNS, the Bard of Scotland, will be held on his birth day, January 23d, at the Waverley House, Brighton, (late Tab's).

The admirers of Scotia's favorite son will thus have an opportunity of recalling days gone by, and of paying a tribute to the memory of a Poet and a Patriot.
"Then gie's your hand my trusty friend,
And here's a hand o' mine;
And we'll tak a cup o' kindness yet,
For auld Lang Syne."
Dinner on Table at 4 o'clock. Tickets \$2 50, Jan 9
eop425th

BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE CITIZENS' COACH COMPANY NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Boston and Providence Citizens' Coach Company will be held at the Marlborough Hotel, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 12th inst., at 7 o'clock, for the choice of officers, and transaction of such other business as may then come before them.
J. B. CALVIN BULLARD, Secretary.

BOSTON ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Adult Class for Vocal Music.—A new quarter will commence on THURSDAY EVENING, January 16th, and be continued on the evenings of Monday and Thursday. To be attended alternately by each of the Professors. Tickets of admission may be had at Perkins & Marvin's book-store, No 114 Washington st.
Terms \$3 per quarter. GEO. WM. GORDON, Sec. of the Academy.
1st 12w5th

SOUL OF SOLDIERY. ATTENTION!!
The S. S. are hereby notified that their meeting stands adjourned till THURSDAY EVENING, at 4 past 6, at Concert Hall, for the choice of Military Officers.
Per order, HENRY DAVIS, Clerk.
Jan 13

MECHANIC RIFLEMEN ATTEND.—A meeting of the M. R. will be held to-morrow (THURSDAY EVENING, at Union Hall, (J. L. White's), at 7 o'clock, on business of importance.
Per order of the Captain.
JAMES D. MORGAN, Clerk.
Jan 13

IMPORTATIONS.

BATAVIA.—Ship Margaret Forbes—10,512 bags and a quantity of loose coffee—3278 blocks hank tin—42 barrels and 100 mother pearl shells—1 cask 3 cases of nutmegs—1 cask cloves—2 bags rubber—1350 cases hides—3750 bundles rattans—29 piculs Japan wood—1 blt tamarind.
VALPARAISO.—Ship Pagoda—1965 bars copper—752 bars tin—6455 hides—10 bales Nicaragua skins—3249 seal skins—1 bundle 234 bales wool—4193 castoreos gold 2 bars silver—1 bundle quilla bark—927 marks tin—1 box indigo.
St CROIX.—Bark Miranda—12 puncheons rum—1 box mdz—13 boxes wine.
HAVANA.—Brig Martha—797,700 cigars—413 bags coffee—600 boxes sugar—100 pots sweetmeats.
PORT au PRINCE.—Sch Abigail—542 bags coffee—3 hds rags—191 hides—103,735 lbs logwood.

SHIP-NEWS—1834.

PORT OF BOSTON—SATURDAY, January 11.

ARRIVED.

Ship Margaret Forbes, King, Batavia 14th, Java Head 15th Sept. Sailed in co with ship Walter, Foulke, for the eastward, and Marmora, Sampson, for Amsterdam. Left ships Tind, Henry, loading rice, for China 3 or 4; Hebray, Carr, for Liverpool, just ar; Paris, Leach, for Samarra 6; barks Gaspar, Pearson, for China, to load rice and return; Roman, Constant, for Rotterdam, and brig Ivory Lord, Farley, for Liverpool, both to load sugar for Europe; brig Cherokee, Benson, for Rotterdam next morning; and Palmetto, Crane, and brig Col Howard, all loading at Southampton, and will sail on 13th inst. with cargo of rice. Ship Ninus, Gregerson, from Canton, touched at Batavia and sailed about 5th Sept, for Holland. Spoke Oct 19, lat 32 S, lon 34 E, ship Marmora, Sampson, 36 days from Batavia, reported having spoken 3 days before, brig Cherokee, Benson, from do for Rotterdam; Nov 14, St Helena N W by N 10 leagues, ship Grand Turk, Eddy, from the Indian Ocean for New Bedford, with full cargo oil. Touched at St Helena 15th Nov, and sailed same day in co with ships Corvo, Towne, from Calcutta for Boston, and parted co 19th Dec, in lat 22 N, lon 57 30 W, having been in sight 34 days; Marmora, for Amsterdam. Ships James Perkins, Crowell, from Batavia for Holland, sailed on 8th inst, about 5th Nov. Brig Brighton, hence, via Philadelphia, and ship Vancouver, hence, passed Anjer about 1st Sept. The Margaret Forbes, experienced severe weather in doubling the Cape of Good Hope on the 25th and 26th Oct, stove bulwarks, &c. The Marmora was in the same gale, and sprung a leak, which caused the ground crew of sugar to dissolve, and she was so cracked, they were obliged to lighten between decks, by throwing over 280 bags coffee, 20 canisters sugar, and lost quarter boat, &c. Ship Pagoda, Howes, Valparaiso Oct 2. Left 8th Brothers, Whittemore; Florida, and Serene, dis; Fairfield, and Palmetto, latter to sail in about a week; Commerce, for Calcutta few ds; Pert, in 3 or 4 days; Rosalia, Edwards, for do sailed in Co. The Gen Smith, had gone to leeward. Left no Am at Hancso on the 12th. Spoke 8th inst, S Shoal E 25 miles, brig Caroline, hence.

Bark Miranda, Hancock, St Croix, W F E, 25th ult.—Left the Eliza, Cartwright, from N Y, for Calcutta, 25th ult, lat 23, lon 67, brig Agnorina, 90 ds, in 3 or 4 days for Providence—had lost the capt, supercargo, and 9 men on the coast.
Brig Martha, Lovett, Havana 25th ult. Left ship Havana N York 2 ds; brig Delta, Elwell, dis; Franklin, Hart, Portland Idg; Trio, Humphrey, dis; Revere, Hall, do; Atlas, Deering, do; George, Lewis, dis; Baltimore, Hathaway, hence, ar 24th. Sailed in co brig Only Daughter, Jenkins, N York.
Sch Abigail, Bearse, Port au Prince 13th ult.
Sch Mohican, Sparrow, New York.
Sch Pembroke, Keys, Philadelphia.
Sch Her, Calson, Fredericksburg.
Sch Billington, Nickerson, Rappahannock.
Sch Echo, Jordan, Saco.
Sloop Commodore, Williston, Bristol, RI.

CLEARED.

Barks Wallace, Thaxter, Havana; Moscow, Piman, Matanzas; brig Good Hope, Chase, Palermo; Czarina, Dixey, Havana; Florida, Freeman, Trinidad; Mexican, Hatch, Bermuda; Hudson, Woodbury, Mansanilla; Huskisson, (Br) Warner, Halifax; Tenedos, Kendrick, Charleston; Norfolk, Matthews, Norfolk; sch Vin Walker, Wilson, St John, NB; Envoy, Jameson, Wilmington, N; Tremont, Reed, New York; sloop Splendid, Simmons, Plymouth.

SUNDAY, Jan 12.

NO ARRIVAL.
Brig Cynet, Devereux, was at Manilla, in August, for Boston.
Halifax 27th Dec, ar brig Eliza Palmer, Fletcher, Boston; 29th, sch Oslen, Irvine, Boston 5 ds; Hugh Deenon, Brookman, do 3; Pride, Selson, do 60 hours.

BATH 7th—cleared ship St Lawrence, Chase, N Orleans.

PORTLAND 9th—cleared ship Nile, Blanchard, New Orleans; bark Lucretia, Lewis, Mobile.

PORTSMOUTH 7th—cleared brig Lavinia, Tisdale, Guadalupe.

ar ship Mary & Susan, Parrott, Liverpool Nov 17.—Spoke Dec 2, lat 50, lon 18, ship Robt Isaac, Varnum, Savannah, for Liverpool.

NEWBURYPORT 10th—cleared brig Otter, Knapp, Trinity.

SALEM 11th—ar brig Hope, Wheeler, Rio Grande, Nov 7.

HOLMES' HOLE 10th—ar brig Swan, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Brigs Alexandria, Rice, Alexandria, for Boston; Samuel & John, Philad, for do; sch Warsaw, Mayo, Port au Prince, 24 ds, for do.

Passed by a bark fm Charleston for Boston—also, a full rigged brig.

NEW YORK 9th—ar ship Havana, Coreja, Havana 19 ds.
Br bark Edward Reed, Forrest, Liverpool Nov 13.
Brigs Gen Washington, Hinesdale, Demerara 29 ds; Caroline, Prentiss, Cuyana 24 ds; Palestine, Allen, Smyrna; Atlantic, Eaton, St Marks, 24 ds.

NORFOLK 6th—ar sch Cottage, Gem, Boston.
In Hampton Roads, sch Kenhawa, Robt Bruce, and Robt P Waring, fm Fredericksburg for Boston.

SAVANNAH 31st—cleared bark Tasso, Wood, Havre.

NEW ORLEANS 24th—ar bark Bohemia, Perkins, Boston.
25th—cleared brig Alpine, Parker, Boston; sch Geo Wayne, Vase, do.

